Traumatic Brain Injury -- Hospital Discharges

MASSACHUSETTS RESIDENTS

	INJURY INTENT							
	Uninten-	Intentional		Undeter-	Other &	Total	Percent	Rate per
INJURY CAUSE	tional	Self- Inflicted	Assault	mined	Legal ¹	Number	of Total	100,000 ²
Cut/pierce	<7	<7	17	0	0	21	0.4	0.3
Drowning/submersion	<7	0	0	0		<7	0.0	
Fall	3671	7	0	<7		3,683	62.1	56.2
Firearm	<7	<7	20	0	0	24	0.4	0.4
Machinery	<7					<7	0.1	
Struck-by/against object	179		217		<7	398	6.7	6.1
Transport Injuries:	1,248	<7	0	0	0	1,251	21.1	19.1
Motor vehicle traffic-related	1,030	<7	0	0		1,033	17.4	15.8
Occupant	648					648	10.9	9.9
Motorcyclist	102					102	1.7	1.6
Pedal Cyclist	46					46	0.8	0.7
Pedestrian	215					215	3.6	3.3
Other person	<7					<7	0.1	
Unspecified person	14					14	0.2	0.2
Pedal cyclist, other	116					116	2.0	1.8
Pedestrian, other	11					11	0.2	0.2
Other transport	91					91	1.5	1.4
All Other/Unspecified	168	14	116	<7	<7	304	5.1	4.6
Adverse Effects						78	1.3	1.2
Cause/intent not provided						164	2.8	2.5
TOTALS⁴	5,276	29	370	10	<7	5,930	100.0	90.4
RATE BY INTENT/per 100,000	80.5	0.4	5.6	0.2	0.0			

 ${\bf Source: \it Massachusetts \ Hospital \ Discharge \ Database, \it MA \ Division \ of \ Health \ Care \ Finance \ and \ Policy.}$

- —Injury subcategories are italicized.
- —Analysis is based on a fiscal year (October 1 September 30).
- -Population data used to calculate rates are based on 2010 population estimates by the US Census Bureau. Rates are per 100,000 residents.
- —Injury hospitalization cases transferred to another acute care facility or subsequently dying in the hospital, are excluded from this analysis.
- —Data were extracted and compiled by the Injury Surveillance Program, Bureau of Health Information, Statistics, Research and Evaluation, MDPH. May 2012

¹ Legal Intervention includes injuries resulting from police actions and operations of war.

² Rates are not calculated on counts of less than five. Rates that are based on counts less than twenty may be unstable. Rates provided here are not age-adjusted and may differ slightly from other department publications.

³ Adverse Effects can be related to medical and surgical care procedures, or to the use of therapeutic substances (including allergic reactions).

⁴ Totals do not include subcategory counts.

[—]An injury hospitalization is defined as any case having an ICD9-CM Nature of Injury Code of 800-999 assigned to any of the ICD9 diagnosis fields [cases having the following codes are excluded if no other valid ICD9-CM code is assigned: Certain Adverse Effects (995.0-995.4, 995.6,995.7, 995.86, 995.89), Complications of Surgical & Medical Care (996-999), and certain Late Effects (909.3,909.5)]

[—]Categories and groupings are based on a modified version of the CDC's "Recommended framework of E-code groupings for presenting injury mortality and morbidity data." This framework does not provide for intentionality for certain cause categories as indicated by gray shading.